## - Ask Questions

- Form questions about plot, and attempt to understand how and why one event leads into another.
- Create questions in regards to characters. Try to understand what motivates characters. Think about what led characters to become who they are.
- Ask questions about theme. Try and understand what the author is attempting to teach his readers.
- Form questions about an author's tone, style, and word choice. Determine what sort of mood the author is setting and decide how this applies to the other elements of the story.
- Ask yourself questions as you read. Does everything make sense? Are you focused? Are you enjoying yourself?


## - Make Predictions

- Predict what will happen next in the plot
- Think about how characters and events may change
- Notice the sequence of cause and effect
- Construct Opinions
- Form opinions on the book as a whole
- Make judgments about the characters and their actions
- Decide if you enjoyed the author's writing and style
- Determine if the book was satisfying, entertaining, or informative
- Finally, conclude if the author was successful in reaching their original goal(s)
- Find Connections
- Initiate background knowledge in regards to subject matter
- Associate the experiences of characters to your own
- Compare and contrast with your own life
- Formulate Visualizations
- Envision places, characters, objects, and ideas
- Allow plot to unfold in your consciousness


## - Recognize Confusion

- Do not skip over unknown words. Instead, find their meanings through contextual clues or use a dictionary
- If sections of a text are confusing, use online summaries or cliff notes - it's not cheating to get clarification
- When necessary, ask for help
- Locate the Main Idea
- Differentiate between main idea and supporting details
- Ruminate over the author's intended message
- Identify Elements of Fiction
- Analyze a story and break it up into parts
- Be familiar with characterization, conflict, plot, setting, theme, and point of view
- Define Purpose for Reading
- The most important reasons for reading are learning, self-improvement, and entertainment


## - Observe Text Organization

- Find the organization of words including roots, prefixes and suffixes
- Observe the way sentences and phrases are organized
- Analyze the way paragraphs are structured
- Locate titles and chapters
- Notice the beginning, middle and end of a text

